## THE COURTS.

## [CONTINUED FROM EIGHTH PAGE.]

dants, causing, as alleged, immense 'njury to the plaintiffs. An injunction was moved by the plaintiffs, which was a saided in 1-5 by Judge bavies, and which was revived and extended in favor of the receiver of the road by Judge Feckham. When the argument came on an adjournment was asked and granted on the condition of part of the injunction prayed for, was occured with a reference to take testimony to be used on the inh argument. The partial injunction thus granted to the injunction granted by Judges Davies and Peckham, though not so broad as the latter. From this order the defendants appeal; but the same grast dismissed without argument, on the ground that the case was not in a doubtion to appeal, thus giving the victory to the Eric Rairoad Company. Fleid and Sherman for the Eric Rairoad Company and John A. Foley and Sainey T. Fairchild for the defendants. dants, causing, as alleged, immense injury to the

## SUPREME COURT-CHAMBERS.

Decisions. By Judge Brady.

Merkle vs. Thatcher .- Order modified. The Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents vs. Albert Diers .- Idotton demed.

nmons vs. Erie Rattway Co.-New trial denied.

Johnson et at vs. Whitman et at.—Motion denied,
Ospood es, Moo y.—Case settled,
Cannulag vs. Batts et at.—Motion denied, with
leave to renew &c.
Fisk Fr., vs. At any and Susquehanna Railroad
Co.—Froposed order settled.
In the Matter of the Application of the First German Methodist Episcopal Church.—Order gramed
for leave to sell.

By Judge Sutherland.

Presbury et al vs. Frankun.—Attachment ordered. li in \$300. Vairbanks et al. vs. Pheips et al.—Sheriff's bill

By Judge Cardozo. Muller vs. Schipeier et al.—Proposed findings and mendments settled.

Henry F. Harvat vs. James G. Harvall.—Motion fonied; costs to abide event.

The Propie of the State of New York ex rel. vs. John Doe.—Writ dismissed and prisoner remanded.

## OYER AND TERMINER.

The Convicted Murderer Thomas. Before Judge Sutherland.

The application for a writ of error and stay of proceedings in the case of John Thomas, convicted of the murder of Walter Johnson, argued on Wed-assday, was denied the morning. An application fill be made by Mr. Goodlett, his connect, to lovernor Hodmas for a respite. It will be remem-bered be was sentenced to be hung next week, on Trucay.

#### MARINE COURT-PART L. Action on a Contract. Before Justice Joschimsen.

Mary A. Ward vs. Edward W. Baxter .- This is an ction brought by the plaintiff to recover payments ne to her upon the following alleged contract, namely-that the defendant, on or about the 4th day of November, 1869, hired from the plaintiff rooms d part of the house 10 West Thirty-second street, with furniture, timen and other household necessafies, for the period of one year from that date, and for board during the same period for himself and family, consisting of six persons, at the rate of \$100 per week, payable at the end of every week, and she ims \$1,000 for the non-payment of \$100 per week, to due to her for a period beginning December 20, 869, until the commencement of this action. The contract is denied by the derendant, and he also sets up a previous judgment in this court, rendered in May last by Judge cross, of this court, for \$125, as a defence to the present claim. The plaintiff has produced the judgment recerd in that previous suit, and I am bound to hold that this record of the judgment rendered on the 9th of any instructions with and long parties as set but in the complaint in this action. The derendant cannot in this action, therefore, avail himself of the objection to the complaint in this action. The derendant cannot in this action, therefore, avail himself of the objection to the contract as being void under the blaction of frauds. That objection I must deem of have been connected as being void under the disturbed of frauds. That objection I must deem of have been connected in the same principle of law prevonts the plaintiff from recovering in this action any sums which she might have recovered in the former action—manety, to the 17th of March, 1870—on the theory that in man first sint all site was men entitled to recover was recovered by her. The objection is now imade that, the plaintiff having bace seed on the contract and recovering they have contract; in other words, that the contract reself and the damages resulting from its breach are extuncted to the contract mental of the foregraph of the damages resulting from its breach are extuncted to the contract in other words, that the contract reself and the damages resulting from its breach are extuncted to the foregraph of the foregraph of the damages resulting from the breach are extuncted to the contract in other words, that the contract reself and the damages resulting from the breach are extuncted to the foregraph of the fo ntract is desied by the derendant, and he also sets binity a suit for the breach up to one time does not extinguish the cintar for damages subsequently actualing. The plantiff has established subsequent breaches on the part of the detendant, with the rule in Wilson's, kierton (i Denn, 603). Defendant did not occupy her room nor board with her she made every enout to be the rooms, and did let them, and took boarders in hen of the defendant; but she has not received by \$510, or thereabouts, the amount which the defendant on his contract would have paid the bad he o-supped the rooms and paid the sum of \$100 weekly. I must, therefore, render a judgment in move of the plantiff for \$548 of and costs, with the usual allowance of twenty-five delants.

of the case are well remembered from the HERALD'S previous report of the trial. The case will close to-

day.

The following is the calendar for to-day:—The People vs. Minnie Davis (continued), arson; Same vs. Frederick Lee, roodery; Same vs. Thomas Luster, burgiary; Same vs. William Myers, fetonious assanif and battery; Same vs. Albert F. Grang, grand larceny; Same vs. In Gracy, grand larceny; Same vs. Albert F. Grang, grand larceny; Same vs. Hehnard N. Bice, grand larceny; Same vs. Hehny Lord, forgery; Same vs. Robert Service, receiving stolen goods; Same vs. Nelly Godison, betty larceny from the person.

# COURT CALENDARS-THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT-GENERAL TERM.-Adjourned

COURT-SPECIAL TERM, -Adjourned SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.—Adjourned putil Monday.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.—Part 1, and OYER AND TERMINIE, held by Judge Sutherland, opens at half-past ten o'clock A. M. Short causes.—Nos. 723, 725, 86334, 875, 879, 915, 999, 1927, 1073, 1937, 1207, 1221, 1383, 1414, 1416, 1489, 1499, 1213, 1223, 1249, 1287, 817, 125034, 1313, 1315, Criminal catendar—The People vs. Edward Hoyt and John Kane, robberty Same vs. Maninew Donalme, felonious assault and battery: Same vs. Peter Maxwell, grand arceny; Same vs. Daniel McAuliffe, grand farceny; Same vs. Daniel McAuliffe, grand farceny; Same vs. Peter Maxwell, grand farceny; Same vs. Peter Oakes and Damei Brown (two cases); Same vs. Peter Oakes and Damei Brown (two cases); Same vs. Peter Oakes and Damei Brown (two cases); Same vs. Peter Oakes and Damei Brown (two cases); Same vs. Peter Oakes and Damei Brown (two cases); Same vs. Peter Oakes and Damei Brown (two cases); Same vs. Peter Oakes and Damei Brown (two cases); Same vs. Peter Oakes and Damei Brown (two cases); Same vs. Peter Oakes, 1444, 1384, 1500, 238, 4864, 1470, 1476, 1486, 1502, 1533, 1840, 1650, 1653, 762, 776, 904, 1034, 1240 15, 1571, 1872, 1422, 1423, SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.—Held by Judge Barlard.—Nos. 33, 146, 503, 1172, 512, 360, 326, 316, 522, 360, 310, 495, 497, 499. Part 2.—Held by Judge Jonea.—Nos. 379, 146, 503, 1172, 512, 360, 326, 316, 522, 360, 324, 625, 625, 627, 627, 627, 638, 629, 630, 631, 632, 625, 627, 627, 881, 629, 630, 631, 632, 635, 627, 881, 629, 630, 631, 632, 635, 627, 881, 629, 630, 631, 632, 635, 627, 881, 629, 630, 631, 632, 635, 627, 881, 629, 630, 631, 632, 635, 627, 881, 629, 630, 631, 632, 635, 627, 881, 629, 630, 631, 632, 635, 627, 881, 629, 630, 631, 632, 635, 627, 881, 629, 630, 631, 632, 635, 627, 881, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 627, 881, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 627, 881, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 627, 881, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 627, 881, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 627, 881, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 627, 881, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 627, 881, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 632, nday.

COURT—CIRCUIT,—Part 1, and OYER

Sutherland, opens

MARINE COURT .- Part 1 .- Held by Judge Josephine

Sen.—Nes. 4893, 4951, 5028, 5056, 5048, 5056, 5076, 5056, 5076, 5076, 5077, 5078, 5074, 5078, 5075, 5076, 5077, 5089, 5089, Part.;—Held by Judge Shea.—Nes. 4957, 5089, 4977, 4872, 4739, 4851, 4873, 4778, 4044, 5496, 5058, 5069, 5069, 5061, 5063, 5064, 5056, 5066, 5067, Part 2.—Heid by Judge Tracy,—No. 5612.

Brooks was onsied from the Senate yesterday by over a two-thirds vote. The democrats all voted for him. The result is a decided victory for the repub-

# THE CHORPENNING CLAIM

Postmaster Creswell's Defence of His Course.

Letter to Senator Ramsey-Mr. Creswell Originally Dismissed the Claim-The Resolution of Congress Compelled His Granting It-No Concealment or Haste -- Payment Purposely Delayed-Interesting Statements.

The following is the letter of Postmaster General Creswell to Senator Ramsey, of Minnesota, chairman of the Post Office Committee of the Senate, which was referred to in his report, already published, on the Chorpenning claim. This report, it will be remembered, acquitted Mr. Creswell of all blame in the matter and recommended that the claim of Chorcenning be inrued ever to the Court of Claims, which should be invested with jurisdiction

MR. CRESWELL'S LETTER.

MR. CRESWELL'S LEITER.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, }
WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 4, 1871.}
HOB. ALEXANDES RAMSEY, Chairman of the Post
Office Committee of the Senate:
MY DEAR SHI—The Senate having referred to
your committee the House resolution for the repeal
of the resolution of Congress, approved July 18,
1870, I have the honor to invite, at the hands
of your committee, a most searching investigation into all the proceedings connected with the
claims of George Chorpenning, and to request that
no report may be made until you can confidently
speak as to my good or bad faith in respect thereof.
In justification of myself i desire to make a brief
statement.

In the 22d of Seniember, 1839, Chorpenning, pro-

tatement.

'In the 22d of September, 1839, Chorpeoung presented to me, as rosimaster General, a petition, wherem he asked for the reversal of a decision made by Postmaster General Brown, and for anadowance of an additional sum of money in the way of extra compensation upder the first section of the act of kinch 5, 1857. After hearing the argument of counsel I gave a written decision on October 12, 1869, adverse to chorpenning, and dismissed his pet tion on the same ground as that assumed by my predecessors, Messrs, Hot, Biair and Randall—maneey, that the case and attractly been decided by Postmaster General Brown, and should not be disturbed without further legislation. This I declared to be a final disposition of the case upon the law as it then also dismissed in the law as it then stood, and supposed that I should never again during my term of office be called upon to consider it. But by a joint resolution of Congress, approved July 15, 1870, the Postmaster General was directed to investigate and adjust, not only the calms of Chorpenining, under the dist section of the act of 1857, on the usus of compensation allowed by said act for the regular service, but also a certain other claim growing out of the curtainment and annument of the contract on route 12,801, on the basis of his agreement with the Postmaster General for that service. This act was mandatory, and enjoined upon me the abortonts and disagreeable task of investigating and adjusting certain specified claims. In a prescribed manner, at a fixed compensation, and according to the "anadavits and proofs on the in the House of Representatives" in 1851. I was made a mere accounting officer, and was charged with the Postmaster upon the law as directed to Chorpenning's claims, under the act of 1857, according to unasterable and arbitrary rules.

As soon as able I reflectantly proceeded to discharge my duty to the bast of me about. The an the 22d of September, 1869, Chorpenning pre-

was charged with the adjustment of Chorpenning's claims, under the act of 1857, according to unalterable and arbitrary rules.

As soon as able I rejuctantly proceeded to discharge my duty to the best of my abouty. The result of my hoors I present to you in the form of a report. It fully decaus the manner of my decision and the reasons therefor.

Having given to the subject the best ability and study I could command, I sent for M. J. N. Davis, one of the most apright, laborious and competent of my subordinates, and submitted to him my report for his careful revision. He returned it at the close of the day with but one objection. His point was that I had erred in allowing for extra services prior to the list of July, 1833, at the rate of \$30,000 per annum, rather than at the old contract price of \$14,000 per annum. I answered that I had already carefully considered that point and was obliged to overrule his objection. This I felt constrained to do in obedience to the very words of the law. If, however, I had adopted Mr. Davis' suggestion it would have made a difference of about four or five thousand dollars in the amount of the award.

I concluded my official connection with the case by formally filing my report in the Department on the 23d of December last, where it has ever since remarined, subject to inspection and examination. It was not until the 7th day of January that a copy of its bayment, or directed or requested any other officers, Mr. Mostrew, and after telling them of the magnitude and character of the caum, cantioned them to make a thorsing a examination may the whole subject before taking any steps for taking any steps for the payment. I objected to

which the detendant on his contract would have sum of 2100 weekly. I must, therefore, render a judgment in 1800 of the plaintiff for 5548 of and costs, with the usual allowance of twenty-five deliars.

Decisions.

By Judge Joachimsen.

By Judge Joachimsen.

Withelm vs. Hayman.—Judgment for plaintiff for feturn of property valued at \$250 and \$56 damages for detention, costs, and \$25 allowance.

O'Donnell vs. Goodyriend.—On contract—Judgment for plaintiff for \$250 and \$25 allowance.

Monaphan vs. Kelly.—On contract—Judgment for plaintiff for \$350 and costs and \$25 allowance.

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Monaphan vs. Kelly.—On contract—Judgment for plaintiff for \$350 and costs and \$25 allowance.

Monaphan vs. Kelly.—On contract—Judgment for plaintiff for \$360 at and \$250 allowance.

Estater vs. Levi.—On contract—Judgment for plaintiff for \$360 at and \$250 allowance.

Guy, Administrator, vs. Rosenfeld.—Referred to John E. Anthon.

The case of the People vs. Minnie Davis is on trial. The whole particulars of the case have appeared in the Herald. Minnie is charged with arson in setting fire to her own trunk in the hotel whereshe boarded at the time. The circumstances of the case are well remembered from the Heralds in the hotel whereshe boarded at the time. The circumstances of the case are well remembered from the Heralds in the hotel whereshe boarded at the time. The circumstances of the case are well remembered from the Heralds in the hotel of the case are well remembered from the Heralds in the hotel of the case are well remembered from the Heralds in the case of the property of the case are well remembered from the Heralds in the case of the core of the Post of the case are well remembered from the Heralds in the case of the core of the post of the case are well

h a conversation with me in relation to the claim of George Chorpenning is strictly correct. Mr. Creswell objected to its payment out of the regular appropriation for mail transportation, and in reply to m, remark that I did not see how it could in reply to in remark that for his see now it could be paid from former appropriations, in view of recent legislation he said that the quistion of finding an appropriation out of which it should be paid was one which must be settled by the Treasury Department.

J. M. McGREW, Chief Clerk.

To this letter is also appended a certificate of Judge J. J. Martin, Sixth Auditor, attesting the accuracy of all the statements relating to himself, The Postmaster General followed this letter by a written application to the committee to summon before it Hon. Jeremiah S. Black, George Earle, George Chorpenning, Hon. John Hill and Hon. John Cessoa to testify as to his attitude in the case; but the committee having directed a report acquitting the Postmaster General of all censure it was

deemed unnecessary to comply with his request. Not one do har of money has been paid to Chorpenning, and never will be now that the act of 1870 has been repealed.

# WASHINGTON-LEE UNIVERSITY.

Ionuguration of General G. W. C. Lee

LEXINGTON, Va., Feb. 6, 1871. To-day being the day appointed for the inauguration of General G. W. C. Lee as Prosident of the Washington-Lee University, made vacant by the death of his father, General R. E. Lee, notwith-

death of his father, General K. F. Lee, notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather, by nine
A. M. a large crowd had assembled at the College
Chapel to witness the ceremony.

General Lee was conducted to his seat by Mr. J.
Randolph Tucker, and after the usual chapel services, conducted by General Penditton, who made
an earnest prayer for God's blessing upon the step
about to be taken, Mr. J. W. Buckenbrough made
some appropriate remarks.

The official cath was then administered, when

The official cath was then administered, when General Lee, advancing to the speaker's stand, in an andible voice responded as follows:—

Cy.—No. 5612.

ARKANSAS LEGISLATURE.

ARKANSAS LEGISLATURE.

Senator Brooks Custed—Governor Clayton

Singlified.

Little Rock, Feb. 9, 1871.

Sarah Kavanagh, a child, two and a haif years of age, whose parents reside at No. 936 Third avenue, lican party over the contition of democrats and Brooks and McDonala republicans. Cayton is thoroughly endorsed by the great mass of the party in the state. No further trouble anticipated.

## FAST LIFE.

The Greene Street Shooting Affair-Death Young Whittenburg-He Did Not Rob His Employers-Investigation Before Corone

At an early hour yesterday afternoon George W. Whittenburg, the young man of nineteen years who, at twelve o'clock on Tuesday night, shot himself through the nead with a pistol while in the house No. 165 Greene street, died in Bellevue Hospital from the effects of the injuries received.

As will be remembered, Whittenburg was insensi-ble when found in bed, and remained in that condition up to the time of his death. His parents and other remaining relatives remained at his bedside

dition up to the time of his death. His parents and other remaining relatives remained at his bedside, in the hope that he would be partially restored to consciousness and be able to speak to or recognize them, but in vain.

Coroner Young yesterday commenced an investigation into the chromatances connected with the death of the misguided yourn, whose remains were subsequently delivered over to the parents and taken to Jersey Cliv for inferment. The inquisition will be concluded to-day, when kitty Reynolds, the girl for whom he seemed to have such an abiding affection, and other witnesses, will be examined. The deceased had kind and religious parents, who did everything to make his home comfortable and happy, and they were not aware of his infatuation for the abandoned girl which proved his run, Chierwise they would have attempted his reclamation. It has been publicly stated that Whittenburg had appropriated to his own use about \$100 of moticy belonging to his employers, Messrs. Smith & Steele, of Jersey Chiv; but those gentlemen deny that such was the fact, and give him an excellent character while in their service.

#### THE HOLDEN IMPERCHMENT TRIAL.

Decision by the Chief Justice-A New Article of Impeachment-Alleged Attempt to De

fraud the State.
RALEIGH, N. C., Feb. 9, 1871. In the Court of Impeachment the Chief Justice ruled that evidence showing secret political organizatious brought about a state of affairs in Alamance county as set forth by the act under which Governor Holden issued his proclamation of insurrection was admissable for the defence. Nine witnesses for the prosecution were examined, who testified that the condition of affairs in that county during the year 1870 was peaceable, quiet and orderly throughout, in unrestrained exercise of their functions. None

in unrestrained exercise of their functions. None of these witnesses had seen disguised bodies, nor known of the existence of any secret political organization having for its object the intimidation of voters, either black or white.

A new article of impeacament, making the minth, has been drawn up by Manager Johnson. It says that about the 6th June Governor Wm. W. Holden did conspire with one George Whiliam Swepson and others to defraud the State, by signing and issuing, as president of the Board of Internal Improvements, an order directing the treasurer to supervise, on benut sident of the Board of Internal Improvements, an order directing the treasurer to subscribe, on behalf of the State, the sum of \$2,666,0000 and to issue bonds of the State to that amount to the Western Division of the Western North Carolina Ranfroad Company, though he well knew that the president of that road had not certified, as required, to the Board that solvent individuals corporations, companies or contractors had subscribed to the capital stock of the company a sudject of the capital panies or contractors had subscribed to the capital stock of the company a sufficient amount to authorize the issue of said sum. It charges, also, that he knew that the five per cent required by law had not been subscribed; that in like manner he directed the Treasurer to issue boads o the State to the amount of four midions to the same rullroad company, when he well knew that the certificate of George W. Swepson, president of the road, stating that \$1.692,0.0 had been subscribed and that hee per cent thereof had been paid in cash, as required by law, was faise and traudulent.

#### OUR RELATIONS WITH GREAT BRITAIN.

The Differences Between England and the United States.

United States.

[Special correspondence of the Bosion Advertiser.]

WASHINOTON, Feb. 8, 1871.

The President will send a message to Congress to-morrow explanatory of the present condition of the ishery question, and accounting for the extraordinary delay in the departure of General Schenek. The message will state that England has shown a disposition to make nearly all the concessions demanded on the part of this government, so far as the fishery question and the navigation of the St. Lawrence are concerned. In this connection it is stated, on good authority, that the queen's messenger will arrive at New York to-morrow with despatches to Minister Thornton, empowering the latter to settle this question on the basis most satisfactory to our government. The favorable disposition of the English government in settling these matters is said to cause much bad feeling in Canada, whose citizens feel aggrieved at what they are led to consider is a compromise of their rights. In diplomatic circles it is how the strong conviction that the allabama cinims will also fluid a speedy and amicable solution. It has been mentioned heretolore in these despatches that negotiations were being conducted here with regard to this matter in when the utmost secrecy was observed. The messenger allaced to above also bears despatches to his matter in when the utmost secrecy was observed. The messenger allaced to above also bears despatches to separate the vexed subject. The only difficulty now in the way seems to be that England desires to separate the Mourew, and after telling them of the magnitude and character of the camin, cantioned them to make a thorough exzumnation must the whole subject us fore taking any steps for its payment. I objected to this payment of the treather appropriations for the postal service, because no estimate had been made for fit under any of the means thereof, and inspect that, it paid at art, it should be paid out of the general treasury. There was no concealment or attempt at concealment; no effort to histori its payment of to cover up its magnitude. So far from being surprised at the publicity which has been given to my report. I can positively say it is precisely what it prepare the above-mentioned report. That report was made according to my test judgment, without touch it spare from my other dates, to prepare the above-mentioned report. That report was made according to my test judgment, without feet, favor or anection, and, finder the operation of the laws which felicied my action, I believe it to be correct. If I were required to execute the same maw again to-morrow, upon the same "affidavits and proofs," I could make no change in the award I have already made.

It never eccurred to me that I could eccape the performance of the duty so clearly enjoined by the leaves of the White. FraymenDecision of the layer of the proposed to the proposed to the same and the freedom of the first of the first of the proposed to the same and the first of the first of

The Release of the White Fawn-Decision of Judge Hazen, of the Admiralty Court, at St. John.

St. John.

[St. John, N. B., {Feb. 8} correspondence of the Boston Advertiser.]

The grounds on which Mr. Robert L. Hazen, judge and commissary of the Court of Vice Admirally, refused to grant a monition in the case of the White Fawn are that the vessel had not violated any law, had not been fishing, was not fishing and was not preparing to fish when captured. The fact that she had brought but was no evidence that she intended to fish in British waters. See had a perfect right to buy herrings or any other fish, purchase nets, lines or supplies in a British port, and had a right to pass within the three-mile limit, either to or from her own fishing ground. There was no proof that she was preparing to fish. More than this was necessary. She must be taken in the act of putting out lines, setting nets, or doing some act that would clearly and immistakably prove she was about to fish. This is held by the Court to be the true meaning of "preparing to fish."

The Lauris are playing their best pantomime, "Tot," at the Comique. John Owens plays to-night in Lowell, Mass., with

the inevitable "Solon Shingle." Kellogg warbied yesterday and repeats the charm

to-day at the Boston Music Hall. Lucy Rushton has a benefit at Wood's to-night, on

which occasion she will show her "Red Hands." Letta has made the greatest success in New Orleans ever known in the annals of the St. Charles.

Miss Glyn commences a course of four dramatic readings at the Union League Theatre on Monday

E. L. Davenport gives a matinée for the Holland benefit at the Chestnut, Philadelphia, on Wednes-day next.

The flith planoforte matinee concert of Miss Marie Krebs will be given at Strinway Hall on Saturday afternoon.

Jananschek opened with "Deborah" at McVicker's, Chicago, on Monday, and is highly praised by the

Cheago, on Monday, and is highly praised by critics there.

At Theodore Thomas' concert at Baltimore Monday last every seat in. Masonic Temple was seat in the control of t

Monday tast every the week before. Mr. Robertson's charming comedy of "Home" will be acted for the first time this season on Monday

be acted for the first time this season on Monday night at Wallaca's.

A matthee performance was given yesterday at the Howard, Boston, for the benefit of the sufferers from the Adeijan fire.

Leonard Grover is in 2rms once more. He has brought out the English Opera Company in Philadelphia for this week.

Another sensational drama is in preparation at the Boston than the Monday the Monday.

delphin for this week.

Another sensational drama is in preparation at the Bowery theatrs, which the author, Mr. J. McClosky, has the most glowing anacipations of its being the greatest drama of its kind ever produced. The new of its a durkey, which is a novelty, white for sensational effects it refles on a railroad train being thrown over an embanament, and the explained of a steambont on the Messisspip. The new drama is called "Pomp," and it is to be produced on Monday next.

Rev. J. F. W. Ware, paster of the Church of Our Saviour, Baltimore, delivered a very sensible and broad-sprited sermon on Sunday hast on the subject.—"May I Go to the Theatre?" Among other things he said:—"The more Christians go to the theatre the more Christian will it be. If we all endeavor to raise the social ione, to encourage a grand art and make its noblest impersonations welcome and desirable we shall be doing the best thing we can for it, for ourselves, for the public, make it sure that in the incoming future that the theatre shall stands also by side, hand in hand with the press and the publit in the elevation of popular taste and the teaching of Christian morality." Silly Sablie should make a note of such excelent views on the stage.

# ANOTHER JERSEY ALDERMAN GONE.

Late on Wednesday night, at his residence in Elizabeth, after a protracted iliness, Alderman Patrick Dockry, the representative in the Common Council from the Third ward, passed to his long home. He was greatly respected and he leaves a wife and five children. On New Year's Day he was in attendance at the Council Chamber, where he cought a severe cold, which prostrated him on his death box.

# FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

THURSDAY, Feb. 9-6 P. M. On 'Change to-day wheat opened quiet and heavy, but towards the close was in better demand and became steady. The cotton market was dull and a

shade lower, ANOTHER DULL DAY IN WALL STREET. The Wall street markets were again monotonous and inactive natil towards the close, when some life was exhibited and a rather larger business trans acted. It remains to be seen what effect will be pro-

THE ALABAMA CLAIMS QUESTION in the form it is likely to assume under the recent action of the British government, and of the course to-day of the authorities at Washington. The present important phase of the matter was not in fact known in the street this afternoon beyond a small number of brokers having friends or agencies at the national capital, and to their knowledge is attributed the rather more active market just before the termination of business.

The mysicry of the duiness in Wall street is heightened by the remarkable ease in the money market, which shows a condition of relaxation seldom paralleled at this season of the year. To-day the best rate on call loans was five per cent, while at four per cent the transactions were almost the bulk of business; they were the majority of all fresh engagements. Lengers had large balances over, and before the close of banking hours were running around to employ them, the result of which was their compulsory acceptance of as low as three per cent, rather than no interest at all, for their money over night. Naturally the note brokers find a readier market for commercial paper, which is current at seven per cent, with an occasional sale of a choice "gilt edged" piece at as low as six and a half per

dull. It would be difficult to sell any considerable amount at current quotations, but a better criterion of the market will be had to-morrow when the remitters make up their letters for Saturday's

GOLD STEADY-111% A 111%. The dealings in the Gold Room were devoid of un usual feature, and the market stood steady all day, with the sales alternately at 111% and 111%. The progress of transactions in the loan market developed an active demand for cash gold, which was carried at as low as two per cent, and was borrowed at flat, the fact giving rise to the surmise that the important negotiations between the governments at London and Washington were known to the "bears" the day before, who put out a heavy line of speculative sales on the strength of the information that a Pigh Joint Commission of the United States and England was about to enter upon a discussion for the settlement of the Alabama clatins. The changes in the price of gold during the day are shown in the table:-

10 A. M. 111% 2 P. M. 111% 11 A. M. 111% 3 P. M. 111% 112 M. 111% 4 P. M. 111% 112 M. 111% 111% 6:30 P. M. 111% 111% 111% In the gold loan market the rates ranged from five per cent for carrying to flat for borrowing. The operations of the Gold Exchange Bank were as fol-

The steamer for Europe took out \$21,000 in specie. GOVERNMENTS ACTIVE AND BUDYANT. The government list opened tame, in sympathy with the general duiness of affairs at the Stock Exchange, but at the last board became active on the intelligence of the diplomatic negotiations above referred to, any prices suddenly advanced, the whole market closing buoyant and strong at the advance. Confirming this attitude of the market came a cable excerpt from the money article of the London Times reporting the more cheerful tone of the financial situation in England, with Stock Exchange coaviltions that the armistice in France would be followed by a satisfactory peace. The currency sixes prices this evening; -- United States currency sixes, prices we both, and 111% a 111%, do. sixes, 1881, registered, 173% a was quet 113%; do. do., coupon, 113% a 113%; do. five-tweeties, registered, May and November, 110% a 110%; do. do., 1862, coupon. do., 111% a 111%; do. do., 1864, do. do., 110% 8 110%; do. do., 1865, do. do., 110% a 110%; do. do., registered, January and July, 102% a 102%; do. do., 1865, compon. do., 102% a 109%; do. do., 1867, do. do., 109% a 109%; do. do. 1868, do. do., 109% a 110; do. ten-forties, registered, 107% a 107%; do. do., coupon, 110% a 110%.

STOCKS DULL AND IRREGULAR. The stock market opened duli and gradually became weak, but railled after the morning board and became steady, in which situation it remained until towards the close, when it improved and left off strong. The special features were New York Central scrip, which advanced to 90%, and Harlem, which sold at 126. In the miscellaneous shares more was doing in Canton and Quickstiver. The former improved to 74 and the latter to 12%. The Adams Express Company have declared a dividend of two per cent, payable on the 1st prox. The Stock Exchange voted a douation of \$5,000 to the relief fund for the sufferers in France and the money was sent to the Champer of Commerce. The highest and

lowest prices of the day were as follows:--| Highest, | New York Central consolidated | 94 | New York Central scrip | 903/4 | Harlem | 126 | Reading | 98% | Lake Shore | 94 | Wabash | 521/4 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 1 Ohio and Mississippi.
Union Pacific.
Western Union Telegraph. Pacific Mail. 43 422 SOUTHERN SECURITIES—NORTH CAROLINAS HIGHER.

The North Carolinas were still strong and prices advanced to 50% for the old and 27 for the new bonds. It is said that the State Convention intend discussing the propriety of ordering the State to appropriate toward the payment of interest on the debt all the dividends received and to be received from the stock of the North Carolina Railroad, for which stock the State originally granted an equivalent of its bonds at par to aid in the construction of the road. A private despatch from Mobile states that the city has resumed the payment of interest on her bonds. The following were the closing street prices of the Southern list:-Tennessee, ex coupon, 64 a 64%; do., new, 64 a 54%; Virginia, ex coupon, 65% a 68; do., new, 61% a 62; do., registered stook, old, 50 a 50/4; Georgia sixes, 80 a 82; do. sevens, 86 a 88; do. do., old, 88 a 90; North Carolina, ex-coupen, 50% a 51%; do., funding, 1866, 39 a 40; do. do., 1863, 31 a 33; do., new, 27 a 28:;do., special tax, 19% a 20%; Missouri sixes, 99 a 00%; do., Hannibal and St. Joseph, 89% a 30; Louisiana sixes, 67 a 68; do., new, 60 a 63; do. levee sixes, 73 a 75; do. do., eights, 80 a 85; do. Penitentiary sevens, 78 a 76; do. ratiroad eights, 75 a 82; Alabama fives, 70 a 72; do. eights, 98 a 100; do. ratiroad eights, 93 a 26; South Carolina sixes, 74 a 80; do., new, sanuary and July, 59% a 60; do. do., April and October, 60% a 61; do. regular stock, old, 60 a 65; Arkansas sixes, 57 a 60; do. sevens, 55 a 60. COMPARISON OF THE EXPORTS.

The following shows the exports (exclusive of specie) from New York to foreign ports for the week ending February 7, and since the beginning of the

1369. 1270. 1871. For the week.... \$2,650,313 \$3,461,230 \$4,727,384 Prev. reported.. 14,777,183 14,675,326 21,340,763 Since Jan. 1.... \$17,487,506 \$18,136,556 \$26,068,147

#### SALES AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE. Thursday, Feb. 9-10:15 A. M.

Thursday, Feb. 9—10:15 A. M. 25:00 US 5a, 5l, c. 113% 160 che Quick M Co,b c 12 do 00 US 5a, 5l, c. 113% 160 che Quick M Co,b c 12 do 00 US 5a, 5l, c. 116% 100 do do 115% 100 US 5a, 5l, c. 116% 100 do 115% 100 US 5a, 5l, c. 116% 100 Mariposa M Co,b c 5 do 00 US 5a, 5l, c. 116% 100 Mariposa M Co,b c 5 do 00 US 5a, 7l do 116% 100 Canton Co 6 do 15% 100 US 5a, 5l do 116% 100 Canton Co 6 do 15% 100 US 5a, 5l do 116% 100 Canton Co 6 do 116% 100 US 5a, 5l do 116% 100 Canton Co 6 do 116% 100 US 5a, 5l do 116

# | 10000 Col. C & Ind C, Ist 895 | 100 Pitts, F; W & Chi gi 22000 do. 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 1836 | 183 100 do 1215 not 215 o 20 do 100 do 100 do 1215 not 215 o 20 do 100 do 10

STREET	SKRITATEUQ.
West Union Tel. 45% a 46 Pactite Mail 43% a 42	Rock Island   1055g a 1055g   1055g

#### COMMERCIAL REPORT.

ASHES. Receipts, 42 packages. The market, at \$8 75 a \$7 25 for pots and \$8 75 a \$9 25 for pears, was quiet, but

stendy. COFFEE.-The market for Rto and Santon continued strong, with a good demand for all grades here and at the ports. Prices were without decided change, with, however, strong, with a good demand for all grades here and at the ports. Prices were without decided change, with, however, an upward tendency. The saies were:—9th bags, per Contest; 1.779 do., per Matchiess, on private terms; also in Saltimore, 1.30 bags, per traction; 550 do., per Matchies, also in New Orleans, 5.577 bags, per Tratalgar, and 5.000 bags, per Catterine Noot, all on private terms. The sales of his and Santos at all ports since January 22 do date have been upwards of 14(5),000 bags. The stock to-night at all ports embraces 35,29 bags 250 and Santos, as follows:—New York, 5.055 bags; Maltimore, 14,000 bags, Hampton Ronds for orders, 3.400 bags; Charleston, 2.500 bags, Hampton Ronds for orders, 3.400 bags; Charleston, 2.500 bags, Hampton Ronds for orders, 3.400 bags; Charleston, 2.500 bags, Manuary, 2.500 bags; Moffle, 2.507 bags, and Garceston, 5.000 bags. Other descriptions of coffee were in moderate demand, 2.500 but the sales were unimportant, oeing comfined to small lots for present wants of the trade. We quote:—Cargees Rio, ordinary, luc. a 15/9c, 1 an, 16/9c, 1 an, 16/9c, 1 and 16/9c, 1 an, 16/9c, 1 and 16/

partitions as a decision.	COUNTY OF			Marine Committee
U <sub>1</sub>	tanda	Mobile.	N. Orleans.	Texas.
Ordinary	124	13%	1044	1324
Good ordinary		14%	14%	1446
Low midding		1417	100	1554
Mad Allian	1544	1519	1536	
Middling	11111			10
Good midding		1644	1634	16%
-Speculation in for				
active, but the market	, in sym	pathy wit	h the more fa	vorable
tone of the Liverpool	market,	Was slead	for, and at the	e close,
the falling off in reus	ipis was	irm at	he outside pr	tees up-
pended. The sales we	ere 2,300	bales, as	follows: re	brunry.
500 at 14%c., 800 at 14	9-18c., 30	Oat 144cc. :	March, 100 a	1146/0.
800 at 14%c.; April.	con at 1	4440. 100	at 14 18-16c	100 mt
14 13-16c., 100 May	et 14 15	160 too	other May	100
14 15-16c., 300 at 15c.	and west	andaw after	or named A the	1 tentan
an follower . Palement	Till at	Later a Ma	Technic Too	District.
as follows : - February	, cou as	Table to	aren, aus at 14	11-100-
1,000 at 145,c., 400 at	A-1 3-10	e. April	SOU BE IT AC.	. OIN ME
14% c. ; May, 500 at 14 1	0-155.	00 at 1438	C., I. O. O. MO	olie, 400
on private terms; als	o by an	e broker,	and not fach	ided in
the above consolidates	i report	3,800 bal	es, as follow	a-ror
February, 500 at 14 ac.	i for h	tarch, 800	at 14% c. ; for	April.
400 at 14 and 700 at	14 13-16	c. ; for May	y, 600 at life.	and for
June, 200 at 15c., 100 at	1556c. n	and 500 at	15hic. The s	warm the
prices of yesterday's				
were :- February, 14.5	Se : Mar	ch. 14.70c.	t April 14.89c	· May
14 voc. : June soid at		one rather	1 mbinitarios c	muy3
FLOUR AND GRAD		Luta 9 999	bble flowe 21	III talate
and 1.20 packages	CONTRACTOR STATE	al 7 7700	materia mines	91 950
hand have packaged	ober His	10 mm 4 9 00	therefore when	01,200

ouls low extra uis choice family.

Command, Brandwiner, command, but firmer, closing at \$51 5th 28 15 for prima in Residence demand, but firmer, closing at \$51 5th 28 15 for prima in the control of the cont

#### THE COTION MOVEMENT. -

Vessela.

Acrical. From No of Steamer Aloppo. Feb. 8, 1 New York Ship Bosephalus Feb. 8, Moulte Ship Bosephalus Feb. 8, Moulte Ship Bosephalus Feb. 8, Moulte Ship Washington Feb. 9, New York Ship Vand Polibousis Feb. 9, Savanona, Sain F. B. Cutting Feb. 9, Savanona, Bark Aurelia, Feb. 9, Savanona, Bark Aurelia, Feb. 9, Savanona LIVERPOOL, Feb. 9, 1871.

# BEAL ESTATE MATTERS.

Quiet Little Game at Albany-Bill for the Extension of Lexington Avenue-A Blow to the fudustrial Exhibition-Genet as a Gother

The Dealings Yesterday. at the Exchange room, and in some instances the prices realized were satisfactory. Two valuables pieces of property, however, were withdrawnnamely, No. 19 Sixth avenue, opposite Amity street, lot 17x100, price offered, \$16,400; nineteen lots on Chinton, on which the Crosby mansion covers five lots; this tract is about 180 by 264, and was with-

ANTICIPATORY VANDALISM, OR WHAT? There was considerable excitement in uptown real estate circles yesterday on the east side over intelligence received that the Northumbrian of the Senate had a few days since, in a very quiet way, introduced a bill, which had already passed a third reading, providing for the extension of Lexingues avenue north to Harlem and south to Irving place, and providing for the appointment of commissioners and providing for the appointment of commissioners to supervise the proposed improvement and provide for laying out access that the flausmanning tever which appears to have proken out or late in certain quarters this may at first sight appear a very simple and oroinary application of that policy. But a slight examination of the circumstances disclose that, he from this being the case, the is, like the works of most copyrists not assisted in the mound of the originals. It is, indeed, thoroughly anyther automatic and the mound of the originals.

policy. But a sight e commention of the circumstances of staces e that, ha from this being the case, the is, like the works of most copyl-its, not maintened in the mound of the criz mai. It is, indeed, thoroughty ANTI-HAUSSMANN.

The great removator of the French capital sought in all his labors at once the adornment of the metropolis and increased accommodation for travel. Now, thus proposed improvement, so called, of the hariem Hotspur conserves neither end. In the first place it is not required as a public measure, there being ample means of up town travel on each side. In the second place if carried out it will interious with one of the most deserving emerprises for the being ample means of up town travel on each side. In the second place if carried out it will interious with one of the most deserving emerprises for the credit and ornament of new York city. Within the time of the proposed extension is the site chosen for the building designed for the new industrial Exhibition, an undertaking of a chyracter and scope which is intended to place this metropolis on a par with fair and considerable of a chyracter and scope which is intended to place this metropolis on a par with fair and objects of his enterprise are, however, so well known, from namerous arracles which have aircady appeared, and are so apparent as to need but singly appeared, and are so apparent as to need but singly appeared, and are so apparent as to need but singly appeared, and are so apparent as to need but singly appeared, and are so apparent as to need but singly appeared, and are so apparent as to need but singly appeared, and are so apparent as to need but singly appeared, and are so apparent as to need but singly appeared, and are so apparent as to need but singly appeared, and are so apparent as to need but singly appeared, and are so apparent as to need but singly appeared, and are so apparent as to need but singly appeared, and are so apparent as to need but singly in the length of the property of the parts and the property as it i

yesterday's transactions:—
DY A. J. BLERONNE RON AND CO.
No 169 West Eld at, n a, between 6th and 7th avs, let 29
THE brown attorn boles to by F dilect.
Stand 218 cherry street, n a, between Pike and
Pellams sta, a story attleand brick houses, each 22x117
to Henry Newall.
THE WEST BROWN AND CO.
No. 121 West 15th at, 3 story brick house and lot, 20x103,
to A. W. Nichols.
No. 328 Greenwich at, w. s. 4 story brick area and lot.

to A. W. Nichols.

No. 538 Greenwich st., w. s., 4 story brick store and lot, between Dunne and Joy sis., 25:25.

ET BENJAMEN TAIRCRILD.

House and let, s. s. of 10th st., 565 ft. w. of av. A, lot.

15.000 

# THE BROOKLYN NAVY YARD.

Vessels Fitting Gur and Ready for Son. The United States steamer Shawmut has her battery on board. She was launched from the ways about the 15th of December, after naving been nearly rebuilt. She is 410 tons measurement, carries one eleven-inch pivot gun, two nine-inch broadside guns, a twenty-pounder rifle on the forecastie, besides four howitzers on the poop. She is full sulprisging and will be a handy craft to be added to the East or West India squadron. She has a two-biaded screw and is very fast under canvas. Vessels of this kind would probably do better bark-rigged, but for exercise and to instruct men in seamhuship a full ship, no matter how small, is the vessel. The wardroom and cabin are on the spar deck, and the steerage below, with accommodations for ten steerage officers. The forecastle extends well are, and the galley is under it, instead of being below on the berth deck. The men's quarter ters are large and well ventilated, and the ship

of being below on the berth deck. The mea's quarters are large and well ventilated, and the ship throughout is a perfect model of a man of war.

The next vessel to be filted for sea is the Wachusett. She has been thoroughly overhauled, and can be ready in two months. Her engines have been put in excellent order, and new decks laid, new planking, and will be tregged for sailing as well as steaming. She also will be full hith-rigged, and from what she has done it is predicted that she will be one of the most effic ent ships in the navy. She mounts four nine-then guns.

The Canandaigna is the next in order. She, like the Wachusett, has had a thorough overhauling, and can be put in readiness for sea in two mouths. All of these vessels have telescopic lunnels, or smoke stacks, which is against air, isherwood's rating. He discountenanced mything of the kind while thief of the Seam Bareau, because he thought that saips that could go without steam power would lessen the importance of the engineers. Under Mr. Robeson vessels must use canvas, miness absolute necessity compels the use of steam, and our steam navy costs very fulle more now than a sailing lasy.

The Omaha is in the dry dock. She is a ship of 1,200 tons; her engines and boilers were built at the Brooklyn yard, and her machinery is now being pul on board. She is being coppered. As soon as she is foated out of the dock she will be equipped and prepared for sea, waich will take several months.

# NEW YORK STATE WEDICAL SOCIETY.

At the session of the State Medical Society hets here to-day the following officers for the ensuing year were elected:-

pear were elected:

President—Willam C. Wey, of Elmira.

Vice President—A. T. Dodithe of Herkimer.

Servicary—Willam H. B. Bley, of Albany.

Treasurer—Garries H. Porter, of Albany.

For Censors—Southern District—Drs. E. R. Squibbs, S. T. Hubbard and N. C. Husted; Eastern custrict—B. P. Staats, P. McNaughton and C. C. Genel; Midde district—M. M. Barg, Horace Lathren and C. G. Bacon; Western district—J. F. Miner, U. C. Wycorf and D. Caivin.

Conundities on Correspondence—First district, Dr. F. Shrody; Second, Br. A. Crispell; Third, Dr. M. B. Whiton, Fourth, Dr. R. J. Alien; Fifth, Dr. W. T. Basset; Sixth, Dr. J. G. Orton; Seventh, Dr. H. M. Eastman: Engith, Dr. J. F. Miner.

A resolution was adopted congratulating Dr. L. A. Sayre on the recent vinderstion of his professional skiii, in a suit brought against him for imagractice, the judicial decision in the case being of great value to the profession.

Dr. Elott read a preamble and resolutions urging the Legislature to pass a bill now pending be ore it to secure physicians in the payment of costs and damagree in seits for mappractice, by compelling plantiff to give bonds before commencing suit, which were adopted.

The session was adjourned sine die.

## THE WEEKLY HERALD. The Cheapest and Best Newspaper in the Country.

The WEEKLY HERALD of the present week, now ready, contains a splendid Cartoon representing the Banquet of Victory and the Dish of Despair, to-gether with the very latest News by the Cable up to the hour of publication of the Great European War; also Telegraphic Despatches from All Parts of the World; full Details of the Herrible Catastrophe on the liudson River Railroad; Burning of the Adelphi Theatre, Boston; a Heavy Bank Robbery in Philadelphia; Holden's Impeachment; How a Prisoner Played it on a Boston Marshal, and the Execution of Dumer Harget (negro) in North Carolina for the murder of another negro to obtain his wife, with full particulars of the crime. It also contains the latest news by telegraph from Wasaington: Artistic, Fashionable, Religious and Sporting Intelligence: Obituary Notices; Amusements; Varieties; Facethe; Editorial Articles on the prominent topics of the day; Our Agricultural Budget; Reviews of the Cattle, Horse, Dry Goods and Boot and Shoe Markets; Pinancial and Commercial Intelligence, and accounts of all tao

Trans:-Single subscription, \$2; Three copies, \$5; Pive copies 53: feu copies, \$15; Single copies, five cents each. A limited humber of advortisemous injuried in the Whitely Herals.